



Part 4 Quiz (11-12 yr olds) - The Necessary and Proper Clause Name: _____

Assignment #1 – Tell your parent/guardian your favorite thing you learned about the Constitution today

Assignment #2 – Have your parent/guardian give you the quiz. Give the quiz to your parent/guardian

a) I quizzed my child on the quiz below _____ He/she got ___/ 10 correct. I starred the ones missed. (Parent/Guardian signature)

b) I quizzed my parent/guardian on the quiz below _____ He/she got ___ / 10 correct. I circled the ones missed (Student signature)

1) a) If you authorize your mechanic shop to change out your brake pads – and to only do that one thing – is it all right for him to also take off your wheel? b) Explain

2) How does this analogy apply to the necessary and proper clause? The mechanic shop (the _____ or the _____) can only do those things (_____) which are necessary and proper in order to carry out the specific thing (the _____) listed in the contract (the _____) that the car owner (the _____ or the _____) have authorized to be done

3) If your mechanic claims that in order for you to be happy it is necessary and proper that he cut a sunroof in your car and that you authorized it, how would you respond?

4) What is the rule that should be used to determine whether a law is necessary and proper? A law is necessary and proper only if

5) The words from the necessary and proper clause, “for carrying into execution the foregoing powers” are referring to what powers?

6) Why is the phrase “for carrying into execution the foregoing powers” so critical to the principle of self- government? Because it limits _____ to only do those things that can be _____ to Article __, Section __ powers which we, the people, _____ them to do for us. We _____ the _____ to act for us. They don’t _____ themselves to _____ what they will do for us.

7) a) Is an implied power: i) directly given and listed, or ii) indirectly suggested. b) Are there any powers granted to Congress that aren’t specifically listed in Article I, Section 8?

8) Explain how the federal government is justified in building a mint when the power to do so was not specifically given in Article I, Section 8?

9) Why is the necessary and proper clause often referred to as the elastic clause?

10) Fill in the blanks from the necessary and proper clause: The _____ shall have power to ... _____ all _____ which shall be _____ and _____ for _____ into _____ the _____ ”

1) a) Yes. b) In order to change your brake pads (which you have authorized him to do in the contract) it is necessary and proper to take off your wheel 2) Federal government; Congress; make laws; power; Constitution; people; states 3) I only authorized you to do those things which were necessary and proper in order to make the repairs listed on the contract which was to change out my brake pads and putting a sunroof in my car has nothing to do with changing out my brake pads 4) it is needed in order to carry out a specific power given to the federal government as listed in Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution. 5) Article I, Section 8, Clauses 2-17 6) Congress; directly tied; I; 8; specifically authorized; authorize; government; authorize; decide. 7) a) (ii) indirectly suggested b) Yes 8) Although building a mint isn't a directly listed power, coining money is (Art I, Sec 8, Cl 5) so when the people directly authorized Congress to coin money they indirectly authorized Congress to build a mint. 9) It can be stretched to give powers not specifically listed in the Constitution 10) The Congress shall have power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers.